What Happened to Him/Her?

Step 1: Read following stories and answer the T-F questions.

(1)

- A: How was Mr. Miyabe's lecture?
- B: It was boring for me. But, other students seemed to enjoy his lecture.
- A: I see. That professor may not suit you.

2

- C: A new family member came to my house yesterday.
- D: Sounds good. Is it ··· a dog?
- C: Yes. I think he is so clever. He seemed to understand our language!
- D: Really!? I want to visit you another day.

(3)

- E: What happened to Keita? He looks so sad today.
- F: <u>He seems to have broken up with his girlfriend</u>. I heard his girlfriend deleted all the p hotos.
- E: I'm sorry for him. What can we do for Keita?
- F: Nothing. All I can do is to leave him be. ※leave 人 be: ~をそっとしておく

(4)

- E: Keita was skipping around a corridor. He looked happy... why?
- F: Actually... <u>he seems to have met another woman last Sunday.</u> He said he knew a Bur mese woman through SNS.

 ※Burmese:ミャンマーの
- E: Humm.. Is that woman safe..? I cannot trust her.
- F: I agree with you, but his choice is his. All I can do is to leave him be.

Questions

1	Person A thinks other students enjoyed Mr.Miyabe's lecture.	T / F
2	Person C doesn't think his pet understands human language.	T / F
3	Person F thinks Keita gets along with his girlfriend.	T / F
4	Person F thinks Keita met a Burmese woman last Sunday.	T / F

Step 2: Listen to the teacher, and put a circle on your answer.

- 1. Other students (seemed / looked) to enjoy his lecture.
- 2. A dog seemed (to understand / understanding) our language.
- 3. Keita seems (to have / to had) broken up with his girlfriend.
- 4. Keita seems to have (meat / met) another woman last Sunday

Step 3: Grammar Check

[seem to do / seem to have been]				
That dog <u>seemed to understand</u> our language. ()				
He <u>seems to have broken up with</u> his girlfriend. ()				
seem to 動詞の(原形・過去分詞)で	Ĺ	」という意味		
seem to have 動詞の(原形・過去分詞	詞) で「	」という意味になる。		
【一般動詞の文との違い】				
①That dog understood our language.				
②That dog seemed to understand our language.				
①は「私達の言葉を理解した」という <u>事実</u> を言っているが、②は「理解しているようだ」とい				
う話し手の <u>推測の意図</u> が追加される。				

Step 4: Storytelling

Model Dialog (Winner: A Loser: B)

A: Hello, how are you?

B: I'm good. How about you?

A: I'm great. Anyway, please tell me your story.

B: OK. Please look at picture X. This man looks happy. He seems to get a lot of money.

A: Very interesting! It's my turn. Please look at picture Y. She looks sick. She seems to have had a COVID-19 vaccination.

B: Awesome!...

(交代しながら3つずつ紹介する)

A: Nice talking with you!

B: You too!

Picture X







Which of your partner's stories is the best? Write it down.

Share your best story. Then, choose the best story in your group.

(Do Janken. Winner is a discussion leader.)

Leader (L): Hello. A-san, please tell us your best story.

A: OK. Please look at picture X.

He looks happy. He seems to have drunk alcohol.

L: Good. Next, B-san....

(終わったら)

L: Thank you every one. It's a time to vote.

Anyone thinks A-san's story is the best? Raise your hand…